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Screening of different varieties for early and late flowering with better growth, flower yield and quality of China aster (*Callistephus chinensis* (L.) Nees)

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Abstract

The present experiment was carried out during November 2020 to March 2021 at Horticultural Research Field, Department of Horticulture, SHUATS, Prayagraj. The experiment was conducted in Randomized Block Design (RBD), with seven varieties of China aster and each Replicated thrice. The varieties were V1 (Bonita), V2 (Arka Archana), V3 (Arka Kamini), V4 (Matsumoto), V5 (Arka Poornima), V6 (Phule Ganesh Pink), V7 (Arka Shashank). Observations were recorded on growth parameter, flower parameter, yield parameter, self-life and economics of treatments and Subjected to statistical analysis. On the basis of results it was found that the Variety V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) was found to be best in Prayagraj in terms of maximum plant spread (cm²), flower diameter (cm), individual flower weight (g), self-life, flower yield/plant(g) and flower yield t/ha after 120 days. Variety V4 (Matsumoto) recorded minimum plant height (cm), plant spread (cm²), number of primary branch/plant, number of leaves/plant, days of first flowering, days of 50% flowering, flower diameter(cm), stalk length(cm), number of flower/plant, flower yield/plant, flower yield t/ha whereas, maximum plant height, stalk length and number of flowers/plant was recorded in variety V7 (Arka Shasank), maximum number of primary branches/plant were recorded in Variety V2 (Arka Archana), maximum number of secondary braches, number of leaves/plant and flowering duration were recorded in variety V5 (Arka Poornima) maximum number of days taken for first flowering were recorded in variety V₃ (Arka Kamini). In terms of economics of different treatments, maximum total income, net profit, and cost benefit ratio was found in V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) followed by treatment V2 (Arka Archana) whereas, minimum was recorded in treatment V4 (Matsumoto).

Keywords: China aster, varieties, evaluation, flower parameters, vegetative parameters, yield parameters

Introduction

China aster, scientifically known as Callistephus chinensis (L.) Nees. belongs to the family Asteraceae, It is one of the most demanding winter annual flower ranks third just next to Chrysanthemum and Marigold. The genus named 'Callistephus' was derived from the greek words 'Kalistos' meaning 'most beautiful' and 'Stephos' means 'a crown'. The aster bloom consist two kinds of florets ray florets and disc florets. The disc florets are short while the ray florets are usually long. China aster is a free blooming half hardy, easy growing winter annual crop grown for cut flower as well as loose flower. China aster is a heavy feeder and hence has larger requirements for nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium. The emphasis at an early stage for vegetative growth should be especially on nitrogen. China aster is one of the most preferable commercial flower crops, grown as cut flower, loose flower, bedding plant, floral decoration, bouquets and garland preparation. China aster have a wide spectrum of attractive colors including violet, purple, magenta, many shades of pink, pure white, pale blue, dark blue, scarlet and comparatively longer vase life. China aster being well adapted to diversified soil and climatic condition, it is now-a-days successfully grown in various agro-climatic zones of India. China aster estimated to be commercially grown over an area of 3500 ha in India by marginal and small farmers in Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra and West Bengal.

Materials and Method

A field experiment entitled "Screening of different varieties for early and late flowering with better growth, flower yield and quality of China aster (*Callistephus chinensis* (L.) Nees)" will be carried out in the Department of Horticulture, SHUATS, Prayagraj during 2020-21."

was conducted at Horticultural Research Field, Department of Horticulture, Sam Higginbottom University of Agriculture, Technology and Sciences, during Rabi season of 2020-2021.

Experimental site

The experiment was conducted during winter season of the year 2020-2021 in Departmental Research field of Department of Horticulture, Naini Agricultural Institute, Sam Higginbottom University of Agricultural Technology and Sciences, Prayagraj. The area is situated on the South of Prayagraj on the right bank of Yamuna at Rewa road at a distance of about 6 km from Prayagraj city. It is situated at 25.8°N latitude and 81.50° E longitudes on elevation of 98 Meters from the sea level.

Climate and weather

The area of Prayagraj district comes under subtropical belt in the South East of Uttar Pradesh, which experience extremely hot summer and fairly cold winter. The maximum Temperature of the location reaches up to 46° C - 48° C and seldom falls as low as 4° C 5° C. The Relative humidity ranges between 20 to 94 per cent. The average rainfalls in this area are around 1013.4 mm annually.

Results and Discussion

The present investigation entitled "Screening of different varieties for early and late flowering with better growth, flower yield and quality of China aster (*Callistephus chinensis* (L.) Nees)'was carried out at Departmental Research Field, Department of Horticulture, Naini agricultural Institute, Sam Higginbottom University of Agriculture, Technology and Sciences, Prayagraj (U.P.) in the year2020-2021. The results of the investigation, regarding the China aster on growth, yield and flower quality have been presented in tables and bar-diagrams wherever required. The result of the experiment has been presented under the following heading.

Growth Parameter

In terms of plant height the Variety V_7 (Arka Shashank) recorded maximum (9.417, 19.742, 44.400 and 74.750 cm) Plant height, at 30, 60, 90 and 120 Days respectively in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) with (8.998, 18.042, 44.325 and 71.167 cm) at 30, 60, 90 and 120 days respectively, whereas minimum plant height (5.332, 13.492, 35.217 and 45.708 cm) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

In terms of plant spread the variety V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) recorded maximum (363.0, 2046.0, 2801.0 and 5428.33 cm²) Plant spread, at 30, 60, 90 and 120 Days respectively in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V₅ (Arka Poornima) with (318.0, 1504.50, 2362.0 and 5428.33 cm²) at 30, 60, 90 and 120 days respectively, whereas minimum plant spread (147.50, 750.617, 1838.0 and 2049.66 cm²) was recorded in Variety V₄ (Matsumoto).

Number of primary branches/plant was recorded maximum in the Variety V₂ (Arka Archana) with (3.750, 34.50 and 43.50) number of primary branches/plant at 60, 90 and 120 Days respectively in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V₅ (Arka Poornima) with (6.50, 25.58 and 42.25) at 60, 90 and 120 days respectively, whereas minimum number of primary branches/plant (4.75, 18.41 and 23.41) was recorded in Variety V₄ (Matsumoto).

Number of secondary branches/plant was recorded maximum in the variety V_2 (Arka Poornima) with (8.0 and 25.0)

nnumber of secondary branches/plant at 90 and 120 Days respectively in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_5 (Arka Shashank) with (11.50 and 18.333) at 90 and 120 days respectively, whereas minimum Number of primary branches/plant (5.417 and 11.583) was recorded in Variety V_1 (Bonita).

In terms of number of leaves/plant the variety V_5 (Arka Poornima) recorded maximum (9.083, 33.333, 199.417 and 267.333) number of leaves/plant at 30, 60, 90 and 120 Days respectively in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_7 (Arka Shashank) with (10.583, 41.417, 204.333 and 224.417 cm) at 30, 60, 90 and 120 days respectively, whereas minimum Number of leaves/plant (10.917, 30.167, 101.750 and 132.0) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

Flower Parameter

In terms of days for first flowering that the Variety V_4 (Matsumoto) recorded Minimum (95.0 Days) of first flowering in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_5 (Arka Poornima) with (98.86 Days), whereas Maximum Days taken for first flowering (116.200 Days) was recorded in Variety V_3 (Arka Kamini).

Days of 50% flowering was recorded maximum in the Variety V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) with (125.333 Days) in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_3 and V_7 (Arka Kamini and Arka Shashank) with same (124.0 Days) for 50% of flowering, whereas Minimum Days taken for 50% flowering (94.333 Days) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto)

Maximum flowering duration was recorded in the Variety V_5 (Arka Poornima) with Maximum (26.400 Days) flowering duration in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_7 (Arka Shashank) with (24.333 Days) flowering duration, whereas Minimum Days taken for flowering duration (13.900 Days) was recorded in Variety V_3 (Arka Kamini).

In terms of flower diameter the Variety V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) recorded Maximum (6.20 cm) flower Diameter in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_5 (Arka Poornima) with (5.420 cm) flower Diameter, whereas Minimum flower diameter (3.653) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

Stalk length was recorded maximum in the variety V_7 (Arka Shashank) recorded Maximum (55.053 cm) Stalk length in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_5 (Arka Poornima) with (50.670 cm) Stalk length, whereas Minimum Stalk length (22.243 cm) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

Yield Parameter

Number of flowers/plant was recorded maximum in the variety V_7 (Arka Shashank) recorded Maximum (96.540) number of flowers/plant in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_2 (Arka Archana) with (94.0) number of flowers/plant, whereas Minimum number of flowers/plant (31.667) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

In terms of individual flower weight the Variety V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) recorded Maximum (4.337 g) individual flower weight in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V₅ (Arka Poornima) with (3.550 g) individual flower weight, whereas Minimum individual flower weight (2.057 g) was recorded in Variety V₇ (Arka Shashank).

Flower yield/plant was recorded maximum in the V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) with (321.117 g) flower yield/plant in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V₂ (Arka Archana) with (230.350 g) flower yield/plant, whereas Minimum flower yield/plant (76.63 g) was recorded in Variety V₄

(Matsumoto).

Flower yield t/ha was recorded maximum in the variety V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) with (20.480 t/ha) in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_2 (Arka Archana) with flower yield (14.537 t/ha), whereas Minimum flower yield (4.877 t/ha) was recorded in Variety V_4 (Matsumoto).

In terms of self-life the Variety V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) recorded Maximum (3.400 days) self-life in seven varieties of China aster, followed by V_2 (Arka Poornima) and V_4 (Matsumoto) with same (3.067 days) of self-life, whereas Minimum self-life (2.233 days) was recorded in Variety V_2 (Arka Archana).

Economics of Treatments

In terms of the economics of the treatment cultivar V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) recorded maximum total income (Rs. 7,16,800), net profit (Rs. 6,13,140), and cost benefit ratio(1:6.91) was found in followed by treatment V₂ (Arka Archana) with total income (Rs. 5,08,795), net profit (Rs. 4,05,135) and cost benefit ratio (1:6.91) whereas minimum was recorded in treatment V₄ (Matsumoto) with total income (Rs. 1.21,925), net profit (Rs. 7,265), and cost benefit ratio (1:1.06).

Table 1: Screening of different varieties of China aster for Plant Height (cm), Plant Spread (cm²) and Number of Primary Branches/Plant.

Variety Symbol	Variety Name	Plant Height (Cm)				Plant Spread (cm ²)				Number Of Primary Branches/Plant			
		30 DAT	60 DAT	90 DAT	120 DAT	30 DAT	60 DAT	90 DAT	120 DAT	60 DAT	90 DAT	120 DAT	
V1	Bonita	5.417	9.125	32.275	50.517	185.000	752.467	1441.667	2305.000	3.917	25.167	31.917	
V2	Arka Archana	5.748	10.108	22.833	50.250	207.250	1231.483	2565.667	4940.333	3.750	34.500	43.500	
V ₃	Arka Kamini	6.458	10.100	24.292	51.208	223.667	1086.400	2282.667	3716.333	4.500	15.917	29.167	
V_4	Matsumoto	5.332	13.492	35.217	45.708	147.500	750.617	1838.000	2049.667	4.750	18.417	23.417	
V ₅	Arka Poornima	9.042	23.225	49.158	69.083	318.000	1504.500	2362.333	5428.333	6.500	25.583	42.250	
V_6	Phule Ganesh Pink	8.998	18.042	44.325	71.167	363.000	2046.000	2801.000	5672.667	4.000	24.500	30.583	
V ₇	Arka Shashank	9.417	19.742	44.400	74.750	413.000	1925.440	2637.333	3646.333	6.583	22.083	26.750	
	F-test	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	SE(d)	0.590	1.979	3.977	4.118	51.776	254.118	762.754	370.067	0.782	3.781	5.659	
	C.D. at 5%	1.286	4.313	8.667	8.974	112.821	553.724	479.790	806.376	1.706	8.240	12.332	

 Table 2: Screening of different varieties of China aster for Number of Secondary Branches/Plant, Number of Leaves/Plant, Days of First Flowering and Days of 50% flowering

Variety	Variaty Nama	Number of secondary	N	umber of	leaves/pl	Days of first Days for 50%			
Symbol	Variety Name	90 DAT	120 DAT	30 DAT	60 DAT	90 DAT	120 DAT	flowering	flowering
V ₁	Bonita	5.417	11.583	9.583	33.750	136.417	164.250	100.067	111.000
V ₂	Arka Archana	6.333	18.33	7.083	21.250	125.333	209.417	107.433	121.000
V ₃	Arka Kamini	6.583	16.750	8.750	26.750	89.083	165.250	116.200	124.000
V_4	Matsumoto	8.917	12.500	10.917	30.167	101.750	132.000	95.000	94.333
V_5	Arka Poornima	8.000	25.000	9.083	33.333	199.417	267.333	98.867	114.333
V_6	Phule Ganesh Pink	6.750	16.500	8.333	23.000	129.417	144.250	109.533	125.333
V ₇	Arka Shashank	11.500	18.333	10.583	41.417	204.333	224.417	105.333	124.000
	F-test	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
	SE(d)	1.274	2.961	1.005	5.219	22.286	28.028	1.705	2.603
C.D. at 5%		2.778	6.454	2.190	11.374	48.562	61.074	3.717	5.673

 Table 3: Screening of different varieties of China aster for Flowering Duration (Days), Flower Diameter (cm), Stalk Length (cm), Number Of Flower/Plant, Individual flower weight (g), Flower Yield/Plant (g), Flower Yield t/ha, Self-life (Days), C:B Ratio

variety	Variate Nama	Flowering	Flower	Stalk Length	Number Of	Individual flower	Flower	Flower	Self-life	C:B
symbol	Variety Name	Duration (Days)	Diameter (cm)	(cm)	Flower/Plant	weight (g)	Yield/Plant (g)	Yield t/ha	(Days)	Ratio
V1	Bonita	23.733	3.870	28.900	38.613	2.433	85.503	5.353	2.467	1:1.16
V ₂	Arka Archana	21.400	4.710	41.840	94.000	2.693	230.350	14.537	2.233	1:4.90
V ₃	Arka Kamini	13.900	4.590	44.150	74.333	2.430	158.767	9.710	2.633	1:3.27
V_4	Matsumoto	24.067	3.653	22.243	31.667	2.403	76.630	4.877	3.067	1:1.06
V ₅	Arka Poornima	26.400	5.420	50.670	59.043	3.550	179.630	11.257	3.067	1:3.80
V ₆	Phule Ganesh Pink	23.900	6.200	41.557	85.033	4.337	321.117	20.480	3.400	1:691
V ₇	Arka Shashank	24.233	4.990	55.053	96.540	2.057	194.420	12.130	2.433	1:409
	F-test	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	SE(d)	0.992	0.321	1.660	2.459	0.126	9.180	0.380	0.204	
C.D. at 5%		2.009	0.700	3.619	5.360	0.278	20.005	0.829	0.448	-

Conclusion

From the present investigation it is concluded that the variety V_6 (Phule Ganesh Pink) was found best in Prayagraj in terms of maximum plant spread (cm²), flower diameter (cm), individual flower weight (g), self-life, flower yield/plant(g) and flower yield t/ha. Variety V_4 (Matsumoto) recorded minimum plant height (cm), plant spread (cm²), number of primary branch/plant, number of leaves/plant, days of first flowering, days of 50% flowering, flower diameter(cm), stalk

length(cm), number of flower/plant, flower yield/plant, flower yield t/ha. In terms of early and late flowering variety V₄ (Matsumoto) has taken minimum time for first flowering whereas variety V₇ (Arka Kamini) has taken maximum time for first flowering. In terms of economics of different treatments, maximum total income, net profit, and cost benefit ratio was found in V₆ (Phule Ganesh Pink) followed by treatment V₂ (Arka Archana) whereas minimum was recorded in treatment V₄ (Matsumoto).

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